

English	
 Reading: The Boy at the Back of the Class Continue to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, and non-fiction, Increase familiarity with a wide range of books, including modern fiction and books from other cultures and traditions, Recommend books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices Identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing Make comparisons within and across books Learn a poem by heart Preparing a poem to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience Checking that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context Drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence Predicting what might happen from details stated and implied Summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas Identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader 	 Writing: Poetry Unit (Moth): Use question marks accurately Use commas in a list, question marks and exclar Create atmosphere, select vocabulary and grammatical structures to mostly appropriately Use colons, semi-colons and dashes accurately Use a range of devices to build cohesion (conjunt synonyms) Write effectively for a range of purposes and autorawing independently on what they have read a language, characterisation, structure)
 Handwriting: Read and write days, months and years in French/Spanish, Check and edit written work, Listen to a passage and write it out correctly, Copy spelling words accurately 	Grammar, Punctuation & Spelling:Grammar:-Identify main, subordinate and relative claus-Identify the active and passive voice (scienc-Use hyphens accurately-Identify synonyms and antonymsUse semi-colons, colons and dashes to demaSpelling: Challenge words list 6 - 10
Maths	
To develop fluency, problem solving and reasoning in the following areas:	
 use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination. compare and order fractions, including fractions >1. add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions. multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, × =]. 	

Theme: Justice

amation marks,

s that reflect what the writing requires, doing this

unctions, adverbials of time and place, pronouns,

udiences, selecting the appropriate form and l as models for their own writing (e.g. literary

uses, nce writing)

narcate independent clauses



- divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $\div 2 =$].
- associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example,].
- identify the value of each digit in numbers given to 3 decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1,000 giving answers up to 3 decimal places.
- use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to 2 decimal places.
- recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.
- Fractions on number lines.

Vocabulary: fractions, numerator, denominator, improper fractions, mixed number numbers, simplify, compare, solve, subtract, take-away, difference, multiply, times, product, divide, share, ad

Science

Unit: Objectives: Light and sight: Enquire: Recognise and prove that light appears to travel in straight lines through devising an investigation, Explore: To recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines by investigating the angles of incidence and reflection. Explore: Understand and investigate refraction, Enquire: Understand that we see objects because they either give out or reflect light into our eye, Express: Explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes, Express: Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as objects that cast them.	Key Nuggets To Be Revisited - How light travels - Refraction and reflection Planned Misconceptions
Engage: Make a periscope: understand that light travels from a source and is reflected from shiny surfaces e.g. mirrors, polished metals.	 Sources of light (e.g. mod How we see Visible spectrum of light
Vocabulary: light, light source, dark, absence of light, transparent, translucent, opaque, shiny, matt, surface, shadow, reflect, mirror, sunlight, dangerous, straight lines, light rays	ts: NA
Religious Education	
Big Question: What is Justice? Why should we fight for justice? Engage: What is justice? Understand the meaning of justice and how it links to the refugee crisis. Enquire: What is injustice? Learn about the civil rights movement and Martin Luther King/Rosa Parks. Explore: Learn about people who have been persecuted for speaking about injustice.	Key Nuggets To Be Revisited - What is justice and how - How is fairness linked
Express: Non-chronological reports. Evaluate: How have people overcome injustice? Linked to both the civil rights and the refugee crisis.	Planned Misconceptions N/A
Vocabulary: justice, injustice, rights, equality, discrimination and race	

Theme: Justice

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	Unit: Tag-Rugby Key skills: - Perform throwing and catching skills accurately with control. - Be able to change direction whilst running with the ball - Gain a greater understanding of the rules of tag-rugby - Work effectively as a team.	Key Nuggets To Be Revisited - Throwing and catching skills - Working as a team Planned Misconceptions - Children throwing the ball forward (rather t
PE	Vocabulary: fitness, control, speed, agility, pass, dribble, shoot, balance, str	rength, coordination.
	 Unit: Basketball Key skills: To practise ball-handling skills. To improve spatial awareness. To practise moving into a space. To pass and carry a ball using balance and co-ordination. To practise footwork and dodging skills while carrying the ball. To apply rules and skills learned to a game. To play as a team. To use skills and tactics from previous lessons. 	Key Nuggets To Be Revisited - To dribble with control - To pass a ball accurately Planned Misconceptions - Not knowing that they can dribble with a bate - Can only dribble with one had a time
	Vocabulary: fitness, control, speed, agility, pass, dribble, shoot, balance, strength, coordinat	tion.
Computing (Elliott)	Unit: Online Safety and Networks To learn about what the Internet consists of. To find out what a LAN and a WAN are. To find out how the Internet is accessed in school. To research and find out about the age of the Internet. To think about what the future might hold.	Key Nuggets To Be Revisited How to use the internet safely and who to tell if we a Planned Misconceptions • The difference between the internet and the • The difference between LANs and WANs.
	Vocabulary: Hub/switch, network, Wide Area Network, internet, World Wide Web, Local Area	a Network, router, wi-fi
Music	Unit: Charanga scheme 1 The Fresh Prince of Bel-Air Listen & Appraise: The Fresh Prince Of Bel-Air (Hip Hop)	Key Nuggets To Be Revisited - Key musical vocabulary when describing

Theme: Justice

er than backwards)	
	Linked Texts: NA
ı ball	
	Linked Texts: NA
ve are worried about son	nething.
the World Wide Web.	
	Linked Texts: NA
ing music.	

SMS	S Year Group: Year 6	Term: Autumn 2	Theme: J
		 Structure: Piano intro, verse 1, verse 2, chorus, verse 3, interlude, chorus, verse 4 with tag ending Evaluate what instruments you can hear. Can you find the pulse as you are listening? Is the tempo fast, slow or inbetween? Dynamics? Texture? Performance: Musical Activities using glocks Singing/rapping in unison. Play instrumental parts with the song by ear and/or from notation using the easy or medium part. Reflections on unit: What did you like best about this Unit? Why? Was there anything you didn't enjoy about it? Why? What are the 'style indicators' of Hip Hop? Are there other hip hop artists you know or like listening to? Any young female rappers? 	Planned Misconceptions - Not understanding the difference between
		Vocabulary: pulse, rhythm, beat	•
	Geography	 Unit: Fair Trade - What is fair trade? To describe and understand key aspects of human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources To understand who the UK trades with and why To understand the importance of fair trade To understand the global supply chain and how trade has changed over time. 	Key Nuggets To Be Revisited - The importance of fair trade Planned Misconceptions • N/A
		trade, export, import, fair, goods and services.	
	Design & Technology	Unit: Kapow (Come Dine with Me) Enquire: Research ingredients (peppers, salmon and apples) Explore: Research/create recipes using the above ingredients Engage: Present groups' recipe ideas and vote on favourite recipes Express: Write method/recipe/equipment list Express: Make recipe and taste test food Evaluate: Write an evaluation	Key Nuggets To Be Revisited Cutting skills, health and safety in the kitchen , Planned Misconceptions • Poor knowledge of food hygiene

: Justice

n pulse and rhythm	
	Linked Texts: N/A
	Linked Texts
ı , following a recipe a	nd method.



Vocabulary: Ingredients, recipe, method, equipment, evaluation, peel, cut, chop, hygiene

Theme: Justice

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